

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.Sc. Honours 5th Semester Examination, 2023

# **DSE-P2-MICROBIOLOGY**

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

### The question paper contains two parts DSE2-Paper-III and DSE2-Paper-IV. The candidates are required to answer any *one* from *two* parts. Candidates should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.

## DSE2-PAPER-III

#### ADVANCES IN MICROBIOLOGY

1.		Answer any <i>five</i> of the following:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
	(a)	Define pangenome.	
	(b)	What is Genomic island?	
	(c)	What is quorum sensing?	
	(d)	State the two types of metagenomics.	
	(e)	What is metabolomics?	
	(f)	What is HGT?	
	(g)	Define epiphytic fitness.	
	(h)	Name one autoinducer in gram-negative bacteria.	
2.		Answer any <i>three</i> of the following:	$5 \times 3 = 15$
	(a)	What is pathogenicity island? State its characteristics.	1+4
	(b)	What is operon? What is the significance of 16S rDNA sequence in microbial genome?	1+4
	(c)	Discuss importance of biofilm in terms of health care and antimicrobial resistance.	$2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}$
	(d)	Write down the concept of synthetic biology.	
	(e)	What is metagenomics? How does it become important in study of bacterial diversity?	1+4
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3.		Answer any <i>two</i> of the following:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
	(a)	With suitable diagram discuss epiphytic fitness and its various mechanism in plant pathogens.	10

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## UG/CBCS/B.Sc./Hons./5th Sem./Microbiology/MICDSE2/2023

(b) Wh poo	at is genome pool? Write the concept of core, flexible and unique genome I. With a well-labelled diagram discuss the bacterial virulence factors.	2+3+5
(c) Wr	te notes on the following:	5+5
(i)	Biofilm formation	
(ii)	Type III Secretion system.	
(d) Dis gen	cuss the salient features of sequenced microbial genomes. What was the first ome to be sequenced?	8+2

#### DSE2-PAPER-IV

#### MICROBIAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

1.		Answer any <i>five</i> from the following questions:	$1 \times 5 = 5$
	(a)	Which element is responsible for Minamata disease?	
	(b)	Name one methanogenic bacteria.	
	(c)	What is Microfiltration?	
	(d)	Which is first recombinant vaccine?	
	(e)	Name two microorganisms involved in biogas production.	
	(f)	What is biosensor?	
	(g)	What is biopesticide?	
	(h)	Expand VAM.	
2.		Answer any <i>three</i> of the following questions:	5×3 = 15
	(a)	Describe the process of biodiesel production and mention the role of microorganisms involved in the process.	3+2
	(b)	Describe the process of microbial production of Streptokinase.	5
	(c)	Explain genetically engineered microbes and mention their applications.	2+3
	(d)	What are Xenobiotic compounds? Explain biodegradation pathway of petroleum hydrocarbon.	2+3
	(e)	What is PGPR? State its role in promoting growth in plants.	1+4
3.		Answer any <i>two</i> of the following questions:	$10 \times 2 = 20$
	(a)	Schematically represent different steps of bioethanol production. Explain in detail the role of microbes in bioethanol production.	6+4
	(b)	What is immobilised cell culture? Mention the advantages of immobilised cell culture. Mention the applications of Affinity Chromatography.	2+4+4
	(c)	Write down the general mechanism of RNAi. State its applications in silencing genes and Drug resistance.	4+6
	(d)	Give a detailed account of scope and applications of microbial biotechnology in human therapeutics. Write a note on different types of Mycorrhizae.	6+4

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