



'समानो मन्त्रः समितिः समानी'

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours 5th Semester [Special] Examination, 2022

DSE-P1-PHILOSOPHY

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

**The question paper contains DSE-1A and DSE-1B.
The candidates are required to answer any *one* from the *two* courses.
Candidates should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.**

DSE-1A

AN ENQUIRY CONCERNING HUMAN UNDERSTANDING

SECTION-I

1. Answer any **four** questions from the following: 3×4 = 12
- (a) What is an impression according to Hume?
 - (b) What, according to Hume is 'association'?
 - (c) Give an example of propositions concerning 'matters of fact'.
 - (d) Is necessary connection subjective?
 - (e) What is the source of knowledge according to Hume?
 - (f) What do you mean by the term — "Hume Fork"?

SECTION-II

2. Answer any **four** questions from the following: 6×4 = 24
- (a) 'If there is no impression, there can be no idea' — Give one argument in favour of this statement following Hume.
 - (b) Distinguish between intuitive, demonstrative and sensible knowledge according to Hume.
 - (c) What are Hume's three principles of connection between ideas?
 - (d) How certain does Hume believe we can be about matters of fact?
 - (e) State the differences between memory and imagination.
 - (f) Write a note on criticism of Hume's theory of impression and ideas.

SECTION-III

Answer any *two* questions from the following

12×2 = 24

3. What does Hume mean by association of ideas? What are the laws of association admitted by Hume? 8+4
4. "Cause and effects are discoverable by experience and not by reasons" — Explain this statement. 12

5. How does Hume distinguish between propositions concerning “Relation of ideas” and concerning “matters of fact”? Will Hume admit the possibility of synthetic a priori propositions? 8+4
6. Does Hume deny necessity of causal relation altogether? Elaborate. 12

DSE-1B

GITA

SECTION-I

1. Answer any **four** questions of the following: 3×4 = 12
- (a) Why is Kurukshetra known as Dharma-Kshetra?
- (b) Give the meaning of the term ‘Kuldharma’.
- (c) Do you think that Arjuna was suffering from the conflict of duties?
- (d) Do you think that the text of Gītā is only important, for religious point of view?
- (e) Who reminded Arjuna’s duty as a warrior and why? Explain.
- (f) According to Gītā what is Mṛtyuḥ?

SECTION-II

2. Answer any **four** questions from the following: 6×4 = 24
- (a) Discuss why ‘Arjuna-Visāda-Yoga’ is regarded as ‘Yoga’. 6
- (b) Why is Arjuna chosen as the competent person for receiving the teachings of Gita? 6
- (c) Why does Krishna tell Arjuna to fight? 6
- (d) What was Arjuna’s dharma? Do you believe that Arjuna performed his dharma after Krishna’s suggestions? 2+4
- (e) According to Gita do you believe in ‘Janmantarvāda’ (Rebirth)? 6
- (f) Explain the meaning of the word ‘mamakāh’ and ‘pāṇḍavās cāiva’. 3+3

SECTION-III

Answer any two questions from the following

12×2 = 24

3. What is Visāda (Melancholy)? Why Arjuna was afflicted by it? Should he be so afflicted? Give your own view of the subject. 3+6+3
4. What is “Svadharmā”? According to “svadharmā” what was the dharma of Arjuna in battlefield? Explain. 4+8
5. How did the Gita develop the concept of Self? Discuss. 12
6. What are the reasons given by Arjuna to establish that he has no desire for victory? 12

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