



'समानो मन्त्रः समितिः समानी'

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours 5th Semester Examination, 2022

DSE-P2-PHILOSOPHY

Time Allotted: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 60

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

**The question paper contains DSE-2A and DSE-2B.
The candidates are required to answer any *one* from the *two* courses.
Candidates should mention it clearly on the Answer Book.**

DSE-2A

PHILOSOPHY OF MIND

SECTION-I

1. Answer any **four** questions of the following: 3×4 = 12
- (a) What do you mean by Artificial Intelligence?
 - (b) Are all versions of materialism a kind of Identity Theory?
 - (c) What are the basic faculties of mind?
 - (d) What is Panpsychism?
 - (e) What is parallelism?
 - (f) What is self-consciousness? Explain with examples.

SECTION-II

2. Answer any **four** questions of the following: 6×4 = 24
- (a) Explain the nature of philosophy of mind and its relation to psychology.
 - (b) Explain the problems of other mind with suitable examples.
 - (c) Write a note on Philosophical Behaviouralism.
 - (d) Explain according to Spinoza, the Double aspect theory.
 - (e) Discuss the problem of self-consciousness with suitable examples.
 - (f) Explain identity theory. Point out some difficulties of identity theory.

SECTION-III

Answer any *two* questions of the following

12×2 = 24

3. What is dualism? Do you accept the Cartesian kind of dualism? Give reasons for your answers. 6+6
4. Explain the arguments based on which psycho-physical parallelism denies the causal connection between mind and body.

5. Explain after Shaffer the nature and scope of philosophy of mind.
6. Discuss the third person account of consciousness.

DSE-2B

PROBLEMS OF PHILOSOPHY

SECTION-I

1. Answer any **four** questions of the following: 3×4 = 12
 - (a) What is truth according to Russell? 3
 - (b) Is inductive principle a kind of Innate idea? 3
 - (c) What do you mean by general principle? 3
 - (d) What is inductive principle according to Russell? 3
 - (e) Why Russell rejects the word 'idea' to describe Plato's concept of 'Universals'? 3
 - (f) Is relation a kind of mental property according to Russell? 3

SECTION-II

2. Answer any **four** questions of the following: 6×4 = 24
 - (a) Write a note on empirical generalization. 6
 - (b) Briefly explain after Russell, the nature of logical general principles, with suitable examples. 6
 - (c) What do you mean by Universals? Do Universals exit in a particular time? 2+4
 - (d) Why Russell rejects Coherent Theory of Truth? 6
 - (e) What is meant by 'laws of thought'? What are the 'laws of thought' according to Russell? Explain in brief. 2+4
 - (f) Is memory a kind of intuitive judgement according to Russell? Discuss. 6

SECTION-III

Answer any two questions of the following

12×2 = 24

3. Explain after Russell, how we obtain the knowledge of universals. 12
4. Briefly explain the nature of Truth after Russell. 12
5. What does Russell mean by inductive principle? Is it verifiable through experience? 6+6
6. What does Russell mean by *a-priori* knowledge? Does a-priori knowledge provide us any new information about the concerned content? Explain it after Russell with special reference to Kant. 2+4+6

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