Time Allotted: 2 Hours



UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

B.A. Honours 2nd Semester Examination, 2022

CC3-PHILOSOPHY

WESTERN PHILOSOPHY-I

Full Marks: 60

12

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. All symbols are of usual significance. **SECTION-I** 1. Answer any *four* of the following: $3 \times 4 = 12$ (a) What are the three charges filed against Socrates? 3 (b) How does Plato refute the view that knowledge is opinion? 3 (c) What does Aristotle mean by potentiality and actuality? 3 (d) "I think therefore I am" — Who said this and why? 3 (e) "God = Substance = Nature" — Who said this and why? 1+2=3(f) What, according to Leibnitz, is pre-established harmony? 3 **SECTION-II** $6 \times 4 = 24$ 2. Answer any *four* of the following: (a) Explain Spinoza's concept of "Intellectual love of God". 6 (b) How does Plato distinguish between opinion and knowledge? Explain why 3+3=6knowledge is not perception. (c) "All knowledge is knowledge through concepts" — Explain this statement 6 following Socrates. (d) How does Descartes arrive at his principle of — "Cogito ergo sum"? 6 (e) Explain the doctrine of form and matter according to Aristotle. 6 (f) Explain briefly Leibnitz's doctrine of monads. **SECTION-III** 3. Answer any *two* of the following: $12 \times 2 = 24$ (a) "Virtue is knowledge" — Explain this statement following Socrates. 12 (b) Explain Aristotle's doctrine of potentiality and actuality. Does this distinction 6+6=12follow from the distinction between form and matter? (c) What do you mean by truths of fact and truths of reason according to Leibnitz? 6+6=12What are the differences between them?

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(d) Explain Spinoza's doctrine of substance.